TECHNICAL MANUAL

OPERATOR'S, UNIT AND DIRECT SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL (INCLUDING REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOLS LIST) FOR

PRECISION GENERAL PURPOSE OVENS Model TS-31 477 AU-2

NSN 6640-00-359-9880

This technical manual is an authentication of the manufacturer's commercial literature and does not conform with the format and the content requirements normally associated with Army technical manuals. This technical manual does, however, contain all essential information required to operate and maintain the equipment.

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY 28 SEPTEMBER 1990

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SUPPLEMENTARY INTRODUCTORY MATERIAL

1-1. Maintenance Forms and Records.

Department of the Army forms and Procedures used for equipment maintenance will be those described by DA Pam 738-750, The Army Maintenance Management System.

1-2. Reporting Errors and Recommending Improvements.

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve the procedures, please let us know. Mail your letters, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2" located in the back of this manual, directly to: Commander, U.S. Army Troop Support Command, ATTN: AMSTR-MCTS, 4300 Goodfellow Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63120-1798. A reply will be furnished to you.

1-3. Destruction of Army Material to Prevent Enemy Use.

Refer to TM 750-244-3 for instructions covering the destruction of Army Material to prevent enemy use.

1-4. Administrative Storage of Equipment.

a. Placement of equipment in administrative storage should be for short periods of time when a shortage of maintenance effort exists. Items should be in mission readiness within 24 hours or within the time factors as determined by the directing authority. During the storage period appropriate maintenance records will be kept.

b. Before placing equipment in administrative storage, current preventive maintenance checks and services should be completed. Shortcomings and deficiencies should be corrected, and all modification work orders (MWO'S) should be applied.

c. Storage site selection. Inside storage is preferred for items selected for administrative storage. If inside storage is not available, trucks, vans, conex containers and other containers may be used.

Precision[®] Instruction Manual

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ADDENDUM TO: INSTRUCTION MANUAL TS-31477 AU-2 GENERAL PURPOSE OVENS

The following corrections are made to the parts list, page 19.

Item 7 - Dual Pilot (White & Red): Change part numbers 247148 to 234148

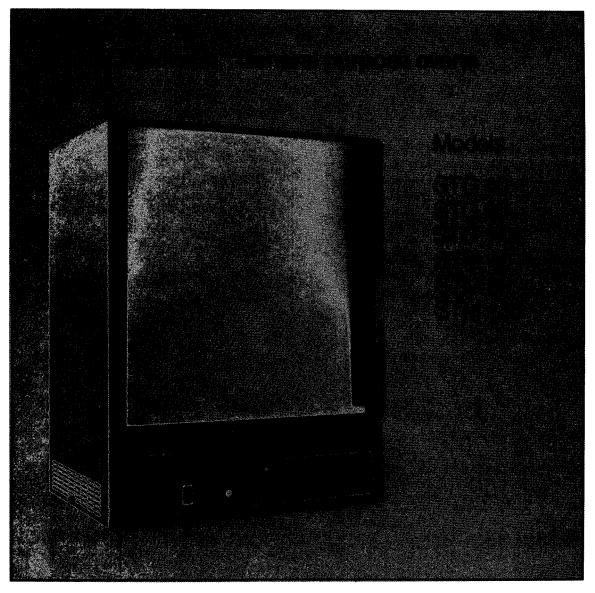
Item 8 - Sensor, Temperature: For STM 135 only. Change part number 00870601 to 00870602

Item 18 - Blower, Wheel: Change part numbers 257024 to 275024.

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Instruction Manual TS-31477 AU-2



Precision Scientific

Precision Scientific Inc. 3737 W. Cortland St. - Chicago, IL 60647 .312-227-2880 Tab: 4330120 (ITT), 254028 (WU) • Fax: 312-227-1828

Precision[®] Instruction Manual

TS-31477 AU-2

General purpose ovens

Catalog No's 31477, 31478, 31540, 31541, 31542, 31551, 31552, 31553, 31554, 31555, 31556, & 31557.

Introduction

Your satisfaction and safety are important to PRECISION SCIENTIFIC and a complete understanding of this unit is necessary to attain these objectives.

As the ultimate user of this apparatus, it is your responsibility to understand its proper function and operational This instruction characteristics. manual should be thoroughly read and all operators given adequate training before attempting to place this unit in Awareness of the stated service. cautions and warnings, and compliance with recommended operating parameters-together with maintenance requirementsimportant for safe and -are The unit satisfactory operation. its should be used for intended application; alterations or modifications will void the Warranty.

> WARNING: As a routine laboratory precaution, always wear safety glasses when working with this apparatus.

This product is not intended, nor can it be used, as a sterile or patient connected device. In addition, this apparatus is not designed for use in Class I, II, or III locations as defined by the National Electrical Code..

Unpacking and damage

Save all packing material if apparatus is received damaged. This merchandise was carefully packed and thoroughly inspected before leaving our factory. Responsibility for its safe delivery was assumed by the carrier upon acceptance of the shipment; therefore, claims for loss or damage sustained in transit must be made upon the carrier by the recipient as follows:

Visible Loss or Damage: Note any external evidence of loss or damage on the freight bill, or express receipt, and have it signed by the carrier's agent. Failure to adequately describe such external evidence of loss or damage may result in the carrier's refusing to honor your damage claim. The form required to file such a claim will be supplied by the carrier.

<u>Concealed Loss or Damage</u>: Concealed loss or damage means loss or damage which does not become apparent until the merchandise has been unpacked and inspected. Should either occur, make a written request for inspection by the carrier's agent <u>within 15 days</u> of the delivery date; then file a claim with the carrier since the damage is the carrier's responsibility.

By following these instructions carefully, we guarantee our full support of your claim to be compensated for loss from concealed damage.

DO NOT -- FOR ANY REASON -- RETURN THIS UNIT WITHOUT <u>FIRST</u> OBTAINING AUTHORIZATION. In any correspondence to PRECISION SCIENTIFIC please supply the nameplate data, including catalog number and serial number.

General information

Catalog Number	Model		Electri	cal Data	
		Volts	Hz	Watts	Ampa
31477	STG40	120	50/60	820	6.8
31555	31040	230	50/60	750	3.3
31478	STG80	120	50/60	1420	11.8
31556	31060	230		1300	5.7
31542	STG145	120	50/60	1690	14.1
31557	310145	230	50/60	1550	6.7
31540	STM40	120	50/00	1190	9.9
31541	51M40	230	50/60	1090	4.7
31551	STM80	120	50,60	1460	12.2
31552		230 50/60	50/60	1340	5.8
31553	CTMAR	120	20 50.00	1735	14.5
31554	STM135	230	50/60	1590	6.9

This instruction manual encompasses the following models and their specific electrical characteristics.

The six models available differ as follows;

Models STG 40. STG 80. STG 145 employ gravity convection as a method of heat transfer within their respective chambers. Gravity convection is defined as the natural tendency for heated air to rise due to its change in density and mass.

Air is drawn into the chamber through openings in the bottom of the oven then heated as it passes over the heating coils and up through the openings in the diffuser panel located on the botton of the chamber. A limited amount of the heated air is exhausted out of the chamber through the openings in the vent cap located on top of the oven and the remaining air recirculates within the chamber.

Gravity convection ovens are ideal where forced air circulation cannot be tolerated and for situations demanding gentle curing, or for long term sample storage under closely controlled conditions.

Some gravity convection applications are: drying powders, curing of facial cosmetic prosthetics, preparation of soil samples, semi-conductor aging, and drying materials for chemical analysis.

All of the Model STG gravity convection ovens and the Model \underline{STM} 40 mechanical convection oven use two highly accurate hydraulic thermostats--one control and one high limit safety--from a single control. This provides a sensitivity to ±0.25°C.

Models STM 40. STM 80 & STM 135 ovens use mechanical convection as a method of heat transfer. Mechanical convection can be defined as a positive and planned directional air flow or forced air circulation within their respective chambers.

Air is drawn into the chamber through the meter shaft opening located in the bottom of the oven and is heated as it passes over the heating coils. The air is blown through the duct network and forced into the chamber through calculated openings In the side diffuser walls.

A limited amount of the heated air is exhausted out of the chamber through the openings in the vent cap located on top of the oven and the remaining air recirculates within the chamber.

Mechanical convection ovens provide the most efficient means of heat transfer as well as the most reproducible test conditions for successive operations. They provide rapid heat-up time for high density loads, shortened recovery period in production operations where the door is frequently opened and the finer uniformity for extremely heat sensitive materials.

Precise temperature control and uniformity are ideal for many and varied applications: moisture analysis, oyster condition index evaluation, electronics testing, determination of total and suspended solids in sewage, sample imbedding for electron microscopy, moisture vapor susceptibility testing, of electrical components at elevated temperature, protein bound iodine analysis, accelerating shelf life for cosmetics and aromatics, drying of vital cathode powders curing of acrylics and epoxy resins, determination of milk solids, determination of shrinkage resistance, paraffin imbedding, determining the potential reactivity of materials, accelerated storage and measurement of suspended sediment particles.

In addition to providing mechanical convection heat transfer the Models STM 80 and STM 135 are supplied with solid state controllers. These controllers cycle heat in split-second intervals based on input from a platinum probe having a $\pm 0.01^{\circ}$ C sensitivity. When this type of control is combined with the circular pattern of heat flow inside the chamber, precise temperature control from ambient $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C to 250° C is achieved.

An LED display indicates temperature and a thumbwheel digital control permits temperature setpoint selection to 1.0°C. The power supply for the LED digital display is energized with 120 VAC, which in turn, supplies 9 VDC to the temperature readout PC board.

A pulsing green light indicates when the temperature stabilizes at the setpoint. For safety, a separete adustable high limit control turns off the heater if the selected limit is attained. A blinking red light will indicate this condition.

Recorder jacks are provided on the front panel to chart the temperature cycle and maintain permanent records. The recorder jacks supply an output of 20 mv/°C and the recorder, selected, should have a range of 0 to 5 volts (0 volts corresponds to 0°C, 1 megohm impedance.

		T	empe	rature					Chamber					
	Heat			T ime A	Guara			Recovery		Dimensions		Shelv	es	Exterior Dimensions
Model	Transfer Method	Transfer	Min. ℃	Max. °C	Time to Reach Max. Rated °C in		(±°C) (±°C) 100°C* in Changes wxdxh minutes per Hour inches	Volume ft ³ (liters)	No. Supplied		wxdxh inches (cm)			
				minutes	100°C	200°C	l			(cm)	•		(m²)	()
STG40	Gravity	65	225	65	1.5	1.8	0.25	12	23	13x14x14 (33x36x36)	1.5 (42)	2	2.4 (0.22)	19x18x26 (48x46x66)
STG80	Gravity	65	225	60	1.3	1.6	0.25	15	19	19x14x19 (48x36x48)	2.9 (83)	2	3.3 (0.31)	24x18x32 (61x46x81)
STG145	Gravity	65	225	72	1.5	1.9	0.25	30	20	25x19x19 (64x48x48)	5.2 (148)	2	6.1 (0.57)	30x24x32 (76x61x81)
STM40	Mechanical	40	225	60	1.2	1.5	0.25	8	85	13x14x13 (33x36x33)	1.4 (39)	2	2.2 (0.20)	19x18x26 (48x46x66)
STM80	Mechanical	ambient +5	225	55	1.0	1.3	0.01	10	72	18x14x19 (46x36x48)	2.8 (78)	2	3.2 (0.30)	24x18x32 (61x46x81)
STM135	Mechanical	ambient +5	225	75	1.1	1.4	0.01	12	60	23x19x19 (58x48x48)	4.8 (136)	2	5.6 (0.52)	30x24x32 (76x61x81)

Technical specifications

*Door opened for 30 seconds.

Installation

<u>WARNING</u>: Installation should be completed by qualified instrument personnel, <u>ONLY</u>.

Location: The most uniform operating conditions and results will be obtained by placing the oven in an area remote from drafts, ventilating outlets, radiators, and other rapidly changing ambient conditions.

To assure proper ventilation, allow a minimum of 4 inches of clearance between the rear top, and sides of oven and adjacent walls. If two or more ovens are positioned side by side, allow a minimum of 8 inches between cabinets. The chosen site should be as free as possible from dust to eliminate maintence and at the same time extend life of the controls.

All four legs provided on the bottom of the oven are adjustable to compensate for installation sites that are not level.

Electrical Connections: Important (Please Read Carefully)

CAUTION: Be sure that the power supply is of the same voltage as specified on the nameplate.

The following ovens are supplied with a cord and plug:

Models	STG	40
	STG	80
	STM	40
	STM	80

The power cord of these instruments is equipped with a three-prong (grounding) plug which mates with a standard threeprong (grounding) wall receptacle to minimize the possibility of electric shock hazard from this apparatus. The user should have the wall receptacle and circuit checked by a qualified electrician to make sure the receptacle is properly wired.

WARNING: DO NOT, under any circumstance, cut or remove the third (ground) prong from the power cord. DO NOT use a twoprong adapter plug.

The <u>Models STG 145 & STM 135</u> are furnished with an electrical junction box located on the rear of the oven.

In accordance with the National Electrical Code, power must be supplied by permanently wired connections. A line cord is not supplied. This unit should be wired by a qualified electrician so that proper fusing and service wires are installed. Ground the oven electrically between the mounting screw located inside the conduit box and a water pipe, or well grounded conduit system.

> <u>WARNING</u>: For personal safety, this apparatus must be properly grounded.

Determine the total amount of current presently being used by other apparatus connected to the circuit that will be used for this unit. It is critical that the added current demand and other equipment on the circuit not exceed the rating of the fuse or circuit breaker, in use.

Explanation of controls

The controls supplied on the Models STG 40, STG 80, STG 145, and STM 40 are as follows:

<u>"ON - OFF" SWITCH</u>: Controls all power to the oven. The blower motor on mechanical convection ovens will always be in operation when the switch is in the "ON" position.

Dual Thermostat Control Knob: Controls the operating temperature of the chamber

and the safety thermostat. The factory set temperature differential between the dual thermostats is about 8°C.

"CONTROL/SAFETY Pilot Lamp: The left lamp (white) when "ON" indicates heater operation. The right lamp (red) when "ON" indicates the controlling thermostat has failed and the safety termostat has taken control.

The **Models STM 80 and STM 135** contain the following controls;

<u>"ON - OFF, LINE" Switch:</u> Controls all power to the oven and the blower motor will always be in operation when the switch is in the the "ON" position.

"HIGH LIMIT" Thermostat: A separate adjustable high limit control turn off the heater if the selected limit is attained. A pulsing red light, located above the thermostat, will indicate this condition.

"SET POINT °C", ThumbWheel Digital Control: Allows the operator to select the desired set point chamber temperature by manipulating the levers of the thumbwheels. A pulsing green light, located above the thumbwheel, indicates when the temperature stabilizes at the setpoint.

"RECORDER", jacks : These jacks are provided to maintain a permanent record of the chamber temperature cycle. The recorder jacks supply an output of 20 mv/°C and the recorder, selected, should have a range of 0 to 5 volts (0 volts corresponds to 0°C), 1 megohm impedance.

Operation

Fully open the exhaust vent shutter cap on top of the cabinet and keep it <u>open</u> at all times. However, when operating at maximum rated temperature, it may be necessary to turn the shutter cap towards the closed position. This will eliminate chamber heat loss. Insert the shelf supports into holes provided in the shelf support retainers that are fastened to the side walls of the inner chamber. Insert the shelves into the shelf supports and the shelves should be positioned so they can be withdrawn more than half way out without falling.

A mercury-in-glass thermometer, temperature range of 0 to 250°C, is provided for the following models;

STG 40, STG 80 STG 145, and STM 40

and should be inserted through the hole located in the top of the vent shutter cap. The cap contains 3 tabs that may have to be bent inwards to secure the thermometer and maintain it in a vertical position.

A <u>certified</u> thermometer (not Included) may be inserted into the shutter cap, as explained above, on the models STM 80 & STM 135 to determine chamber temperature and/or to be used later for calibration.

MODELS STG 40, STG 80, STG 145 & STM 40. only.

- Depress the "ON OFF" switch to the "ON" position.
- Rotate the thermostat control knob clockwise (clockwise rotation increases chamber temperature) to an arbitrary setting.
- 3. Allow the chamber to heat up until steady readings are observed on the thermometer. The chamber temperature has stabilized when there is uniform cycling of the control pilot light.
- 4. A desired operating chamber temperature as indicated on the thermometer, and obtained at a particular thermostat control knob setting, should be recorded for future reference.

Before moving from a higher setting to a lower setting, the thermostat control knob should be turned all the way back to the "Zero" position. The new temperature setting should be approached in a clockwise direction.

NOTE 1: When moving from a higher setting to a lower one, the safety pilot light may glow faintly for a short time. This is inconsequential and will disappear as soon as the new lower temperature is stabilized.

NOTE 2: Slight vapor discharge may occur on the initial heat up. This is the dissipation of the protective coatings that have been added to the cabinet. Allow for complete dissipation of the vapors before placing samples in the chamber.

MODELS STM 80, and STM 135, only.

- Depress the "LINE"' switch to the "ON" position.
- Rotate the "HIGH LIMIT" thermostat knob fully clockwise.
- Select the desired operating temperature by manipulating the levers on the thumbwheel digital control ("SET POINT "C").

NOTE: The thumbwheel digital control can be turned to as high as 299°C; however, the rated controllable operating range of the oven is 70°C to 225°C.

4. Allow the chamber to heat up until steady readings are observed on the LED temperature display. The chamber temperature has stabilized when there is uniform cycling of the <u>green</u> control pilot light.

<u>NOTE</u> : A slight vapor discharge may occur on the initial heat

- 5. Before setting the "HIGH LIMIT" termostat, the chamber temperature must be allowed to stabilize. Depending on the temperature desired, stabilization will require from 15 to 60 minutes, maximum.
- 6. Set the "HIGH LIMIT" thermostat (which should be at its maximum setting now fully clockwise), by rotating the knob counterclockwise until the <u>red</u> pilot light turns "ON". It indicates that the "HIGH LIMIT" thermostat has taken control and that the heater has been de-energized. Once this occurs, turn the knob forward (clockwise) at least one to two divisions.

NOTE: This adjustment for the "HIGH LIMIT" thermostat should be done only when the chamber temperature is stabilized (green pilot light uniformly cycling).

Loading: Although the gravity and mechanical convection ovens rely on different methods of air circulation, general loading procedures are applicable to both types and must be followed. To insure that the circulation of heated air is not restricted in the chamber.

 At least 1" should be left between objects placed on the shelves.

NOTE: With the mechanical convection cabinets, objects should not be palced on the shelves in such a manner as to block the movement of heated air into the chamber from the side diffuser panels.

- 2. The bottom of the chamber must be kept free and clear of objects.
- At no time should solid shelves be substituted for the shelves that are provided.

After loading, the time required for the chamber to recover to the original stabilized temperature will be directly related to the mass of the load.

WARNING: SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- DO NOT place any explosive, combustible, or flammable materials in the chamber.
- 2. DO NOT place <u>sealed</u> containers in the chamber. Sealed containers, filled with materials, do not provide room for expansion and can develop dangerous vapor pressure as the temperature increases.
- 3. Avoid spillage of liquids.
- 4. DO NOT evaporate noxious fumes.

<u>CAUTION: DO NOT</u> store containers filled with acidic or caustic solutions, as vapors from these materials will attack the chamber interior and electrical components, thus voiding the warranty.

Servicing

Troubleshooting:

<u>WARNING</u>: Service should be performed by qualified service personnel. Disconnect the unit from its electrical source. Remove the shelves and thermometer, if supplied. Disconnecting any com ponent from the circuit without prior removal of the power source may cause damage to other circuit components.

Temperature Variance or Fluctuation:

- 1. Make sure the vent shutter cap is not closed. Open to maximum.
- Test unit when empty; if results are satisfactory, the chamber was improperly loaded. Redistribute the load.

- 3. Be sure to allow ample time for an empty chamber to stabilize at a temperature setting. It could take over one hour to equilibrate, depending upon the difference between ambient and operating temperatures. The mass of the load can also affect stabilization time.
- 4. Make certain that severe line voltage fluctuations are not occurring.
- 5. Make certain that all wire terminal connections are secure.
- Make certain that an intermittent failure of the switch, thermostat, or wiring has not occurred. Isolate the cause; repair or replace.

Heat Loss: Inspect door gasket to make certain it fits firmly against cabinet at all points. Replace if damaged, or adjust the door catch plate. (See Improper Door Closure).

Improper Door Closure: The plate on the door which engages the magnetic catch on the cabinet is adjustable. Either losen or tighten it to ensure proper door closure.

No Heat: If the chamber does not heat, first check the line voltage, circuit breaker and/or fuses, and all electrical connections.

Heater Resistance Test Procedure:

<u>WARNING</u>: Disconnect the oven from its power source.

Refer to the appropriate wiring diagram and the Heater Data Table for resistance valves at room temperature. Resistance is measured between terminals 1 and 2 located on the terminal block.

Be sure to disconnect at least one heater lead from the terminal block before taking an ohmmeter reading. If the heater is open (infinite resistance), it should be replaced.

Catalog No.	Model	Heater Wattage	Voltage	Resistance Between Heater Leads (ohms)
31477 31555	STG 40	820	120 230	17.5 70.0
31478 31556	STG 80	1420	120 230	10.0 40.0
31542 31557	STG 145	1620	120 230	8.5 34.0
31540 31542	STM 40	1150	120 230	12.5 50.0
31551 31552	STM 80	1420	120 230	10.0 40.0
31553 31554	STM 135	1690	120 230	8.5 34.0

Heater Data Table

Models STM 80 and STM 135 Only

Overheating: If the heater is "ON" continuously and the green light is not uniformly cycling, the temperature continuously Increases after it has exceeded the set temperature:

The "HIGH LIMIT" thermostat will control the oven temperature. When the red light appears, the heater is "OFF". The temperature will decrease and thermostat will turn the heater back on (green light "ON"). The temperature will increase until the thermostat de-energizes the heater again (red light "ON", green light "OFF").

If this is the case, replace the temperature control PCB on the unit. If the green light is "ON" continuously, check:

- 1. Sensor (it may not be hooked up).
- 2. Triac assembly (it may be shorted).
- 3. PC Board.
- 4. Thumbwheel switch.

Sensor Specifications

- a. Resistance of sensor: 100.ohms ±.2 ohm @ 0°C 138.50 ohms ±0.3 ohm @ 100°C
- b. Operating temperature range: -20°C
 to +250°C
- c. Thermal time constant @ 2 ft./sec.: 2.5 sec. Max.
- d. Maximum operating current: 20 mA
- e. Resistance between leads and S.S. tubing: 100 megohms or greater

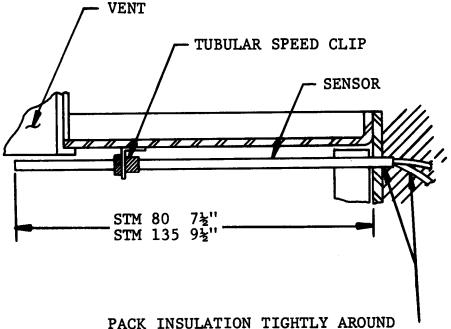
Sensor Resistance Test and/or Replacement:

CAUTION: To prevent P.C. board component damage, the instrument must be disconnected from its electrical source before disconnecting the sensor from the P.C board.

 Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the temperature control PCB, (A100).

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- Disconnect the sensor plug (J-102) from the PCB.
 - Test Resistance of Sensor: 100.0 ohms ±0.2 ohm at 0°C 138.5 ohms ±0.3 ohm at 100°C
- 3. If sensor replacement is necessary, remove all screws that fasten the rear panel to the back of the oven to gain access to the sensor leads.
- 4. Remove the sensor from the clip located at the top of the inner chamber then slip the sensor through the bottom of the oven.
- 5* Replace the sensor reversing the steps shown above. See figure below for proper sensor location.
- 6. See page 12 for recalibration procedure.



LEADS TO PROBES TO PREVENT HEAT LOSS

Triac Test and/or Replacment:

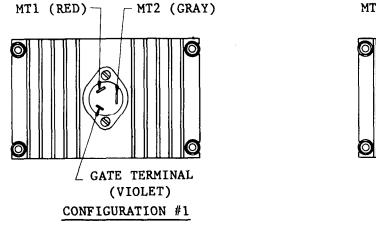
<u>WARNING</u> : Triac testing and/or
replacement should be completed
by a qualified electronic ser-
viceperson and extreme caution
should be exercised during triac
testing as line voltage is pre-
sent in the control compartment.

If there is no heat when "SET POINT °C" thumbwheel is set at 35°C or higher, or if there is constant heat even when the "SET POINT °C thumbwheel is dialed below room temperature, there is a possibility that the triac has malfunctioned. When the triac is energized, it will read an output of 1 volt across MT1 and MT2. If the triac is deenergized, it reads 115 volts across MT1 and MT2.

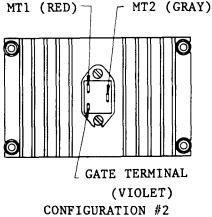
To gain access to the triac it will be necessary to lay the oven on its door and remove the sheet metal panel which is fastened to the bottom of the oven.

Install triac assembly such that gate terminal (smallest tab) is in the lower left-hand corner and is connected to the violet wire. The MTl connection should be hooked up to the red lead wire, and the MT2 conneciton should be hooked up to the grey lead wire.

<u>NOTE:</u>	The	tria	aC	in	each	unit
may di	ffer	as	sh	lowr	ı in	con-
figurat	ion	#	1	(or	#2



TRIAC ASSEMBLY



<u>NOTE</u>: Install triac so that gate terminal is in the lower left corner of the base. Thumbwheel Switch Test and/or Replacement:

(Models STM 80 and STM 135)

WARNIN	IG :	Disc	onnect	the	oven	
from	its	power	source.			

- 1. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the rear of the switch.
- 2. The thumbwheel switch is fastened to the rear of the panel by 4 spring tabs and is connected to the control PCB by means of a ribbon cable.
- Remove the ribbon cable from the SWitch .
- 4. Check continuity between common (C) and pin 1, 2, 4, or 8 for each module (3 modules/switch) using the Truth Table shown below:

Ten	Position,	binary	coded	decimal
TGU	FOSICION,	DINGLY	coucu	accinai

	COMMON C CONN TO TERMINALS					
DIAL	1	2	4	8		
0						
1	0					
2		0				
3	0	0				
4			0			
5	0		0			
6		0	0			
7	0	0	0			
8	_	Í		ο		
9	0			0		

Example: Temperature setting on switch , "Set Point °C;

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Continuity should be between common and pin 1 (1st Module - dial setting of 1)

Continuity should be between common and pin 2 (2nd Module - dial setting of 2)

Continuity should be between common and pins 1, 2, and 4 (3rd Module – dial setting of 7)

Temperature	Readout	PCB	(A200)
Malfunctioning.			

Sympton 1. Digits do not register.



Remedy 1. Measure voltage supply between (J217) and (J218, J213 both grounded together). Voltage should be 4.8 to 5.1 VDC and if voltmeter reading is zero, check connections between Temperature Control PCB and Temperature Readout PCB. If reading is correct replace Temperature Readout PCB.

Symptom 2. One segment of each LED is not lit.

H H H

or

If one segment on one LED is not lit.

| 4 ||

Remedy 2. Replace Temperature Readout PCB.

Temperature Control PCB (A100) Replacement:

- 1. Disconnect the oven from its power source.
- 2. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 3. Pinch the 4 plastic tabs on each corner of the PCB and carefully lift the board straight up.
- 4. Replace the PCB using extreme care not to break the electrical connections or plastic prongs.
- 5. See below for recalibration procedures.

Temperature Readout PCB (A200) Replacement:

- 1. Disconnect the oven from its power source.
- 2. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 3. Carefully remove the PCB by lifting straight up and out of the Temperature Control PCB.

CALIBRATION OF TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER PCB (A100) AND TEMPERATURE READOUT PCB (A200)

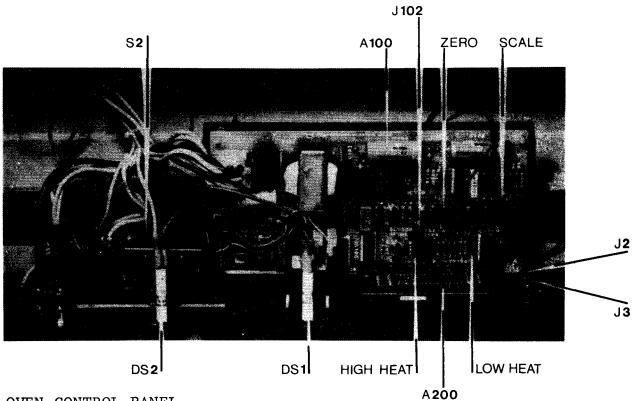
WARNING: PCB calibration should be completed by a qualified electronic service person and extreme caution should be exercised during temperature calibration as line voltage is present in the control compartment.

- Immerse a certified thermometer (not supplied) into a container filled with glycol and place the container in approximately the center of the chamber.
- 2. Open the air exhaust cap.
- 3. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the elctrical components.
- 4. Replace the RTD sensor with a decade resistor box.
- 5. Rotate the "High Limit" thermostat knob fully clockwise.
- Connect a voltmeter with a range of O to 5000 mv to the "Recorder" jacks
- 7. Dial 000 on the "Set Point°C" thumbwheel digital control.
- 8. Dial 100.00 ohms on the decade resistor box.
- 9. Adjust the "ZERO" trimpot on the Temperature Control PCB until the volt meter reads 0.0 mv ±4 mv.
- 10. The temperature display should read 000; if not, adjust the "ZERO" trimpot on the Temperature Readout PCB.
- 11. Adjust the "LOW HEAT" trimpot, on the Temperature Controller PCB, for minimum heat output. (green pilot lamp should be "off" 80% of the time.)
- 12. Dial 225°C on the "Set Point "C" thumbwheel digital control.
- 13. Dial 185.03 ohms on the decade resistor box.
- 14. Adjust the "HIGH HEAT" trimpot, on the Temperature Control PCB, until the heat out put is on more than 50% (green pilot lamp should be "on" more than 50% of the time).

- 15. The voltmeter connected to the
 "Recorder" jacks should read 4500±
 4 mv; if not, adjust the "Scale
 trimpot on the Temperature
 Controller PCB.
- 16. The temperature display should indicate 225; if no, adjust the "GAIN" trimpot on the Temperature Readout PCB.
- 17. Remove the decade resistor box connections and replace the RTD sensor.
- Continue to operate the oven at 225°C. After the oven temperature has stabilized, for 30 minutes,

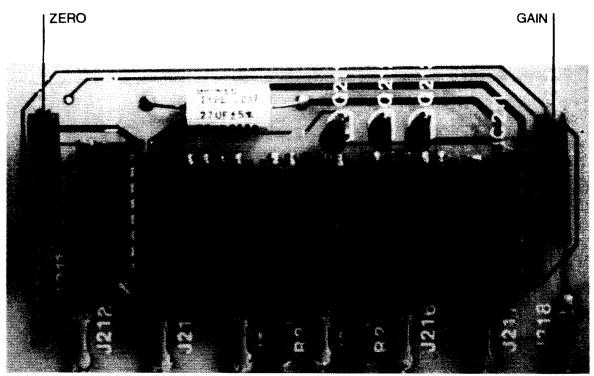
adjust the "HIGH HEAT" trimpot, If necessary, to read exactly 225°C on the temperature display.

- 19. The "Recorder" jacks output should be 4.50 volts. If not, adjust the "SCALE" trimpot on the Temperature Controller PCB.
- 20. The temperature display should indicate 225°C. If not, adjust the "GAIN" trimpot on the Temperature Readout PCB.
- 21. Reset 100°C on the thumbwheel digital control. The indicated temperature display should be 100 ±1°C.



OVEN CONTROL PANEL

DIGITAL DISPLAY BOARD A200



MODELS STG 40, STG 80, STG 145, AND STM 40, ONLY.

Loss of Heat Control: If at any time the safety thermostat assumes control of the chamber temperature, replace the thermostat.

> WARNING: Replacement of the following components should be completed by a qualified electronic service person, and the oven should be disconnected from its electrical power source.

"ON - OFF" Switch Replacement:

- 1. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 2. Tag and identify the lead wires with respect to their relative positions for ease of replacement.
- 3. Remove the wire leads from the switch .
- 4. Compress the spring clips that fasten the switch to the panel and push the switch outward from the back of the panel.
- 5. Press the replacement switch into the panel and connect the wire leads.

Pilot Lamp Replacement:

- 1. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 2. Tag and identify the lead wires with respect to their relative positions for the ease of replacement.
- 3. Remove the wire leads from the pilot lamp.
- 4. The pilot lamps on the Models STM 80 & 135 are fastened to the rear of the panel, with a speed nut that must be removed before the lamp can be removed.

- 5. Push the pilot lamp outward from the back of the panel.
- Press the replacement lamp into the opening and replace speed nut, if supplied. On units with dual pilot lamps, the red portion should be on the right.
- 7. Attach the appropriate wires to the pilot lamp.

Dual Thermostat Assembly Replacement:

Gravity Convection Ovens (Models STG 40, STG 80 & STG 145)

- 1. Remove 2 screws that fasten the thermostat bulbs and bulb retainer to the diffuser panel. Bend the thermostat capillaries towards the top of the chamber.
- 2. Remove 2 screws that fasten the diffuser panel brackets to the sidewalls. Remove the diffuser panel from the bottom chamberand carefully slide the bulbs throught the holes in the diffuser panel.
- 3. Loosen the set screws that fasten the control knob to the shaft of the thermostat, then remove the knob.
- 4. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 5. Tag and identify the lead wires with respect to their relative positions for the case of 'replacement.
- Disconnect the wire leads from the thermostat.
- 7. Guide the thermostat bulbs out of the chamber and out through the bottom of the oven.
- 8. Replace the thermostat, reversing the above procedure.
- -15-

CAUTION: Do Not crimp or sharply bend the capillaries as this will obstruct the flow of the hydraulic operating media causing erroneous thermostat control and shorten the life of the thermostat.

Mechanical Convection Ovens (Model STM 40, Only)

- 1. To gain access to the thermostat bulbs, remove 2 screws that fasten the diffuser panel brackets to the side walls then remove the diffuser panel from the bottom of the chamber.
- 2. Disconnect the heater assembly from the bus bars and lift it out of the chamber.
- 3. Loosen the set screws that fasten the control knob to the shaft of the thermostat, then remove the knob.
- 4. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the oven to gain access to the electrical components.
- 5. Tag and identify the lead wires with respect to their relative postions for the ease of replacement.
- Disconnect the wire leads from the thermostat.
- 7. Remove the thermostat sensing bulbs from the retaining clips and guide the bulbs out of the chamber.
- 8. Replace the thermostat reversing the above procedure.

<u>CAUTION</u>: Do Not crimp or sharply bend the capillaries as this will obstruct the flow of the hydraulic operating media causing erroneous thermostat control and shorten the life of the thermostat. Also, be sure there is no contact between the capillaries and heater.

Heater Replacement:

1. On the gravity convection ovens (Models STG 40, STG 80, & STG 145), remove 2 screws that fasten both thermostat bulbs and the retaining clips to the bottom diffuser panel in the chamber.

> NOTE: On the mechanical convection ovens (Models STM 40, STM 80, & STM 135) the thermostat bulbs are beneath the bottom diffuser panel and will not have to be removed.

2. Remove the bottom diffuser panel by removing its retaining screws. Work the thermostat bulbs (gravity ovens only) upright and lift the panel out of the chamber, carefully sliding the bulbs through it, while noting the hole through which the bulbs were originally placed.

> **CAUTION:** Do Not crimp or sharply bend the thermostat capillaries as it will obstruct the flow of the hydraulic operating media causing erroneous thermostat control and shorten the life of the thermostat.

3. Disconnect the heater from the bus bars. (Do not allow the bus bars to slip down through the porcelain insulators or it will be necessary to remove the control panel to push them back.) Lift the heater from the chamber. Install the new heater and reconnect the bus bars.

- Work the two thermostat bulbs (gravity ovens only) through the hole in the bottom diffuser panel. Replace the panel and secure it.
- 5. Carefully work the bulbs back into place and secure them with the retaining clips.

Motor Replacement (Models STM <u>40, STM</u> 80, & STM <u>135):</u>

- 1. Remove 2 screws that fasten the diffuser panel to the side walls then remove the panel.
- Disconnect the heater from the bus bars. (Do not allow the bus bars to slip down through the porcelain insulators or it will be necessary to remove the control panel to push them back.) Lift the heater from the chamber.
- 3. Remove the blower scroll assembly by removing screws that fasten it in place.
- Loosen the set screw that fasten the blower wheel to the motor shaft then remove the blower.
- 5. Lay the cabinet on its back. Be sure the line cord, if supplied, can hang free and is not pinched against the back of the cabinet and that the doors are closed.
- Remove perforated panel on the bottom of the cabinet. Disconnect wire leads of the motor.
- 7. Remove the motor mounting screws and remove the motor.
- Install the new motor so that its shaft engaes the blower wheel. Make sure that the set screw that locks the blower wheel to the flat on the motor shaft is fastened securely.

NOTE: Be sure that when the blower wheel is secured to the motor shaft, the wheel is centered vertically between the panels. This will assure its "free spin". If not centered, the wheel may touch the panels and not rotate freely.

Proceed in reassembling the unit by performing the reverse of the above steps.

<u>"High Limit Thermostat</u> Replacement: (Models STM 80 & STM 135)

- Loosen the set screw that fasten the control knob to the thermostat shift and then remove the knob.
- 2. Remove 2 flat head screws, located behind the control knob (removed).
- 3. Remove 4 screws that fasten the control panel to the front of the oven to gain access to the "High Limit" thermostat.
- 4. To gain access to the thermostat bulb and heater, remove the diffuser panel which is fastened with 2 screws to the side walls.
- 5. Disconnect the heater assembly from the bus bars and lift it out of the chamber.
- 6. Remove the screws that fasten the blower scroll to the bottom of the chamber and remove the scroll.
- Disconnect the electrical leads from the thermostat and remove the thermostat bulb from the retaining clips. (The clips may have to be slightly twisted.) Guide the thermostat out of the bottom of the oven.
- Install the new thermostat, reversing the above procedure.

CAUTION: Do Not crimp or sharply bend the capillary as this will obstruct the flow of the hydraulic operating media causing erroneous thermostat control and shorten the life of the thermostat. Also, be sure there is no contact between the capillaries and heater.

Maintenance (All Models):

Cleaning Exterior and Interior:

A mild solution of soap and water or

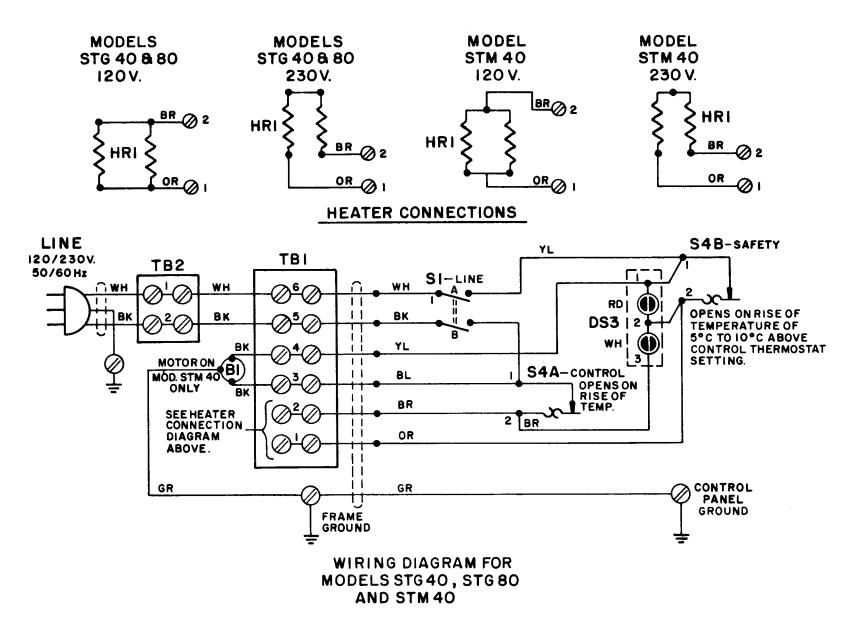
bicarbonate of soda (1 tbsp/gallon of water) is recommended.

WARNING: Disconnect the oven from its eletrical power source.

Motor Lubrication:

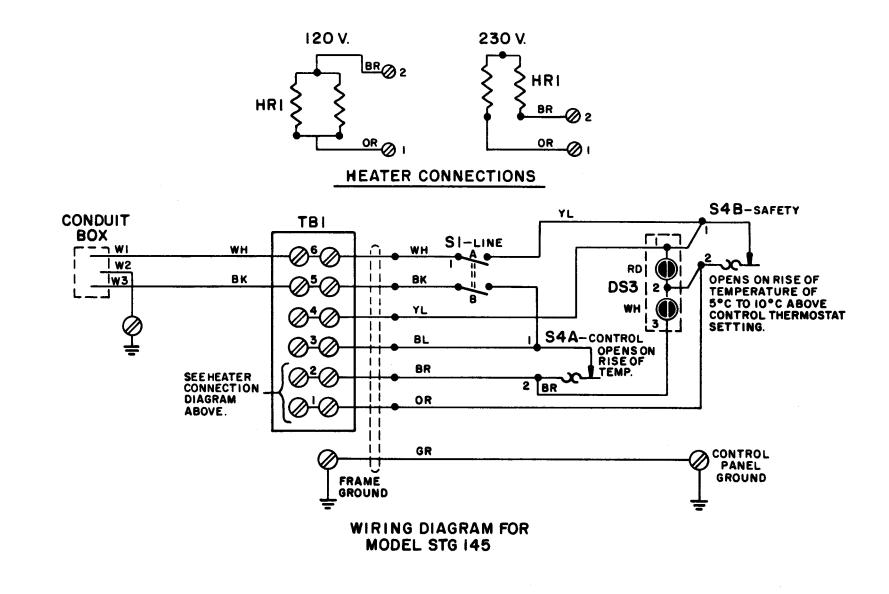
(On the mechanical convection ovens) A. ball bearing fan-cooled permanently lubricated motor is use. Lubrication should not be necessary for the life of the motor.

			PRECISION INSTRU	CTION MANUAL				
				PART LIST				
ITEM	SYMBOL	MOD. NO. CAT. NO. DESCRIPTION	STG 40 31477 31555	STG 80 31478 31556 PART NUMBER	STG 145 31542 31557	STM 40 31540 31541	STM 80 31551 31552	STM 135 31553 31554
1	A100	PCB, TEMPERATURE CONTROL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00803601 00803602	00803601 00803602
2	A200	PCB, TEMPERATURE READOUT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00803901	00803901
3	A10	TRIAC ASSEMBLY	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00870301	00870301
4	DS1	LAMP, PILOT (GREEN)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	234190 234189	234190 234189
5		BARRIER (FISH PAPER)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00843701	00843701
6	DS2	LAMP, PILOT (RED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	234174 234175	234174 234175
7	DS3	LAMP, DUAL PILOT (WHITE & RED)	234147 247148	234147 247148	234147 247148	247147 247148	N/A	N/A
8	RTD1	SENSOR, TEMPERATURE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00870601	00870601
9	HR1	HEATER	247274	247275	247277	247279	247276	247278
10	Sl	SWITCH, LINE	240304	240304	240304	240304	240304	240304
11	S2	THERMOSTAT, SAFETY	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	239091	239091
12		KNOB, SAFETY THERMOSTAT (0-9)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	220159	220159
13	S3	SWITCH, THUMBWHEEL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00878701	00878701
14		BEZEL AND FILTER ASSEMBLY	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	539817	539817
15	S4	THERMOSTAT, DUAL	239097	239097	239097	239097	N/A	N/A
16		KNOB, DUAL THERMOSTAT	220097	220097	220097	220097	N/A	N/A
17	В1	MOTOR, BLOWER	N/A	N/A	N/A	538997 538998	538997 538998	538997 538998
18		BLOWER, WHEEL	N/A	N/A	N/A	257024	257024	257024
19	J2	JACK, RECORDER (BLACK)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	236165	236165
20	J3	JACK, RECORDER (RED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	236164	236164
21		INSULATOR, POERCELAIN (BUS BAR)	250087	250087	250162	250161	250161	250161
22		SHELF (2 SUPPLIED)	535093	535096	535098	535092	535095	535097
23		SUPPORT, SHELF (4 SUPPLIED)	536796	536796	536798	536796	536796	536798
24		LEVELLER SCREW (4 SUPPLIED)	241048	241048	241048	241048	241048	241048
25		CAP, LEVELLER (4 SUPPLIED)	241047	241047	241047	241047	241047	241047
26		CAP SHUTTER VENT	535187	535187	535187	535187	535187	535187
27		THERMOMETER	307055	307055	307055	307055	N/A	N/A
28		CATCH, MAGNETIC (MID. ON CABINET)	270052	270052	270052	270052	270052	270052
29		LEAF, TOP HINGE (MID. ON CABINET)	535085	535085	535085	535085	535085	535085
30		LEAF, BOTTOM HINGE (MID. ON CABINET)	535088	535088	535088	535088	535088	535088
31		DOOR ASSEMBLY	00441801	00441802	00441803	00441801	00441805	00441806
32		HINGE PIN (2 REQ.)	535086	535086	535086	535086	535086	835086
33		SPRING (2 REQ.)	535180	535180	535180	535180	535180	535180
34		STRIKE PLATE	535450	535450	535450	535450	535450	535450
35		GASKET, SILICONE	167319 (5 FT)	167319 (6-3/4 FT)	167319 (5 FT)	167319 (6-3/4 FT)	167319 (7-3/4)	
36		HANDLE	00450701	00450702	00450702	00450701	00450702	00450702
37		CORD AND PLUG	333015 353017	353015 353017	N/A	353015 353017	353015 353017	N/A

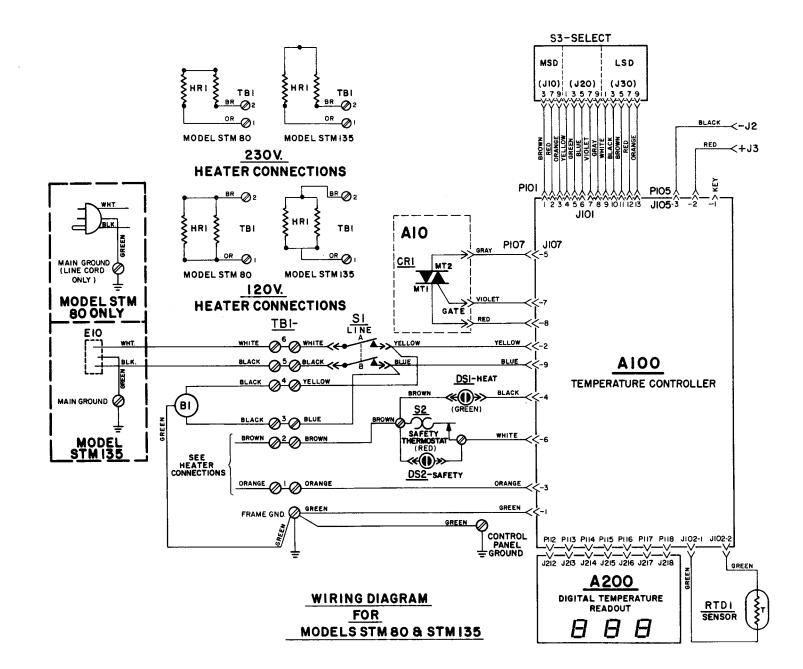


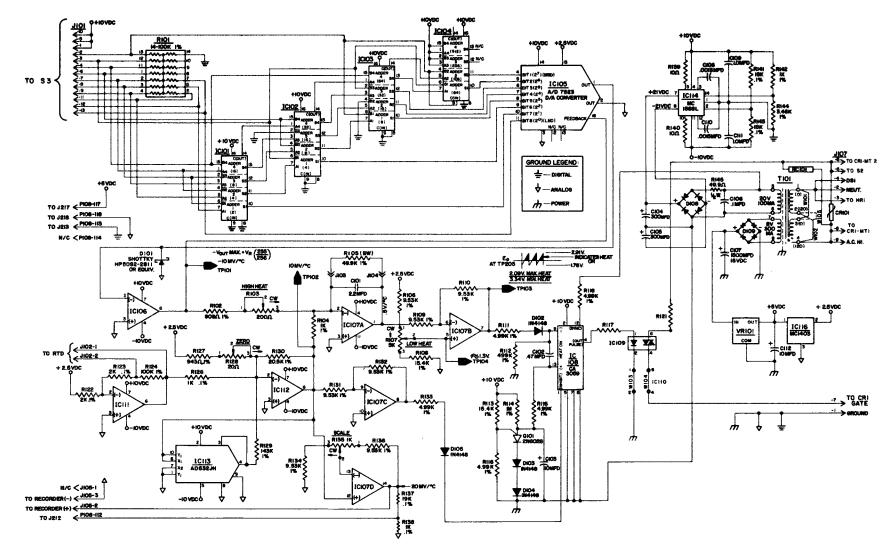
Precision" Instruction Manual

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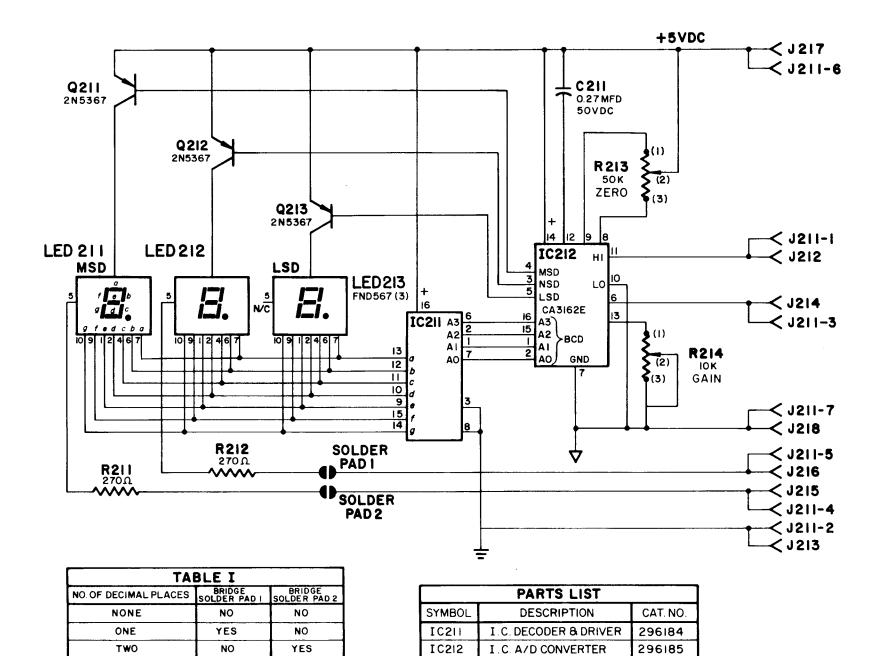




TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER PCB (A100)

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Precision" Instruction Manual

Exclusive Precision Warranty

PRECISION SCIENTIFIC warrants its products against defects in mater 1 or in workmanship, when used under appropriate conditions and in accordance with appropriate operating instructions for a period of no less than one (1) year from the date of delivery of the products.

Sole obligation of PRECISION SCIENTIFIC shall be to repair or replace at our option, FOB factory or locally, without charge, any part(s) that prove defective within the warranty period, provided the customer notifies PRECISION SCIENTIFIC promptly and in writing of any such defect. Compensation for labor by other than PRECISION SCIENTIFIC employees will not be our obligation. Part(s) replacement does not constitute an extension of the original warranty period.

PRECISION SCIENTIFIC MARES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE DESIGN, SALE, INSTALLATION, OR USE OF ITS PRODUCTS, AND SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS. PRECISION SCIENTIFIC will not assume responsibility for unauthorized repairs or failure as a result of unauthorized product modifications, or for repairs, replacements, or modifications negligently or otherwise improperly made or performed by persons other than PRECISION SCIENTIFIC employees or authorized representatives.

While our personnel are available to advise customers concerning general applications of all manufactured products, oral representations are not warranties with respect to particular applications and should not be relied upon if inconsistent with product specifications or the terms stated herein.

In any event, the terms and conditions contained in PRECISION SCIENTIFIC formal sales contracts shall be controlling; and any changes must be in writing and signed by an authorized executive of PRECISION SCIENTIFIC.

All defective components will be replaced without charge one (1) year from the date of delivery. There will be no charge for labor if the apparatus is returned to the factory prepaid.

Conditions and qualifications of the warranty statement shall prevail at all times.

Precision is a registered trademark of Precision Scientific Inc.

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

A–1. Scope. This appendix contains all forms, pamphlets and technical manuals referenced in both the Air mobile and Semitrailer mounted Laboratories.

A-2. Forms.

Recommended Changes to Publications	DA Form 2028 DA Form 2028-2
Quality Deficiency Report	SF 368 DA Form 2404
A-3. Field Manuals.	
Petroleum Testing Facilities: Laboratories and Kits Inspecting and Testing Petroleum Products ASTM Test Method Supplement to	FM 10-70
A-4. Technical Manuals.	
Atlas-Copco Compressor Alcor Jet Fuel Thermal Oxidation Tester Operating	TM 10-4310-392-13&P
Gammon Aqua Glo Water Detector	TM 10-6665-297-13&P TM 10-7430-218-13&P TM 10-6630-237-13&P TM 10-4130-240-13&P TM 10-6640-222-13&P TM 10-6640-222-13&P TM 10-6640-221-13&P TM 10-6630-230-13&P TM 10-6630-236-13&P TM 10-6630-238-13&P TM 10-6630-233-13&P TM 10-6630-231-13&P TM 10-6630-231-13&P TM 10-6630-231-13&P TM 10-6640-228-13&P
Millipore Old 39 Filter Holder Millipore Vacuum Pump Ohaus Harvard Trip Balance Precision Gas-Oil Distillation Test Equipment Precision General Purpose Water Bath	TM 10-6640-225-13&P TM 10-6640-217–13&P TM 10-6670-278-13&P TM 10-6630-219-13&P TM 10-6640-229-13&P

Precision High Temperature Bronze Block Gum Bath TM 10-6630-234-13&P
Precision General Purpose Ovens
Precision Heater Instruction Manual and Parts List
Precision Oxidation Stability Bath
Precision Pensky–Martens Flash Testers
Precision Reid Vapor Pressure Bath TM 10-6640-226-13&P
Precision Slo-Speed Stirrer TM 10-6640-224-13&P
Precision Universal Centrifuge TM 10-6640-230-13&P
precision universal Penetrometer
Sargent–Welch Vacuum Pump TM 10-4310-391-13&P
Sartorious Analytical Balance
Scotsman Cuber
Soltec VOM–Multimeter
Teel Self–Priming Centrifugal Pump TM 10-6640-217-13&P
Teel Submersible PumpTM 10-4320-320-13&P
Texas instrument TI-5030II Calculator TM 10-7420-210-13&P
A-5. Pamphlets.
The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS) DA Pam 738-750
A-6. Miscellaneous Publications.
The Army integrated Publishing and Printing Program AR25-30
Laboratory, Airmobile, Aviation Fuel MIL-L-52733A(ME)
Apparatus, Instruments, Chemicals, Furniture, and Supplies for Industrial,
Clinical, College and Government Laboratories Fisher Scientific Laboratories Catalog
Petroleum-Petrochemical Testing Equipment Precision Scientific Catalog

APPENDIX B

MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

Section I. INTRODUCTION

B-1. General.

a. This section provides a general explanation of all maintenance and repair functions authorized at various maintenance categories.

b. The Maintenance Allocation Chart (MAC) in Section II designates overall authority and responsibility for the performance of maintenance functions on the identified end item or component. The application of the maintenance functions to the end item or component will be consistent with the capacities and capabilities of the designated maintenance categories.

c. Section III lists the tools and test equipment (both special tools and common tool sets) required for each maintenance function as referenced from Section II.

d. Section IV contains supplemental instructions and explanatory notes for a particular maintenance function.

B-2. Maintenance Functions. Maintenance functions will be limited to and defined as follows:

a. <u>Inspect.</u> To determine the serviceability of an item by comparing its physical, mechanical, and/or electrical characteristics with established standards through examination (e.g., by sight, sound, or feel).

b. <u>**Test.</u>** To verify serviceability by measuring the mechanical, pneumatic, hydraulic, or electrical characteristics of an item and comparing those characteristics with prescribed standards.</u>

c. <u>Service</u>. Operations required periodically to keep an item in proper operating condition, i.e., to clean (includes decontaminate, when required), to preserve, to drain, to paint, or to replenish fuel, lubricants, chemical fluids, or gases.

d. <u>Adjust.</u> To maintain or regulate, within prescribed limits, by bringing into proper or exact position, or by setting the operating characteristics to specified parameters.

e. <u>Align.</u> To adjust specified variable elements of an item to bring about optimum or desired performance.

f. <u>Calibrate</u>. To determine and cause corrections to be made or to be adjusted on instruments or test, measuring, and diagnostic equipments used in precision measurement. Consists of comparisons of two instruments, one of which is a certified standard of knob accuracy, to detect and adjust any discrepancy in the accuracy of the instrument being compared.

g. Remove/Install, To remove and install the same item when required to perform service or other maintenance functions. Install may be the act of emplacing, seating, or fixing into position a spare, repair part, or module (component or assembly) in a manner to allow the proper functioning of an equipment or system.

h. <u>Replace.</u> To remove an unserviceable item and install a serviceable counterpart in its place. "Replace" is authorized by the MAC and is shown as the third position code of the SMR code. *i.* <u>*Repair.*</u> The application of maintenance services, ¹including fault location/troubleshooting,² removal/installation, and disassembly/assembly procedures³ and maintenance actions⁴ to identify troubles and restore serviceability to an item by correcting specific damage, fault, malfunction, or failure in a part, subassembly, module (component or assembly), end item, or system.

j. **Overhaul.** That maintenance effort (service/action) prescribed to restore an item to a completely serviceable/operational condition as required by maintenance standards in appropriate technical publications (i.e, DMWR). Overhaul is normally the highest degree of maintenance performed by the Army. Overhaul does not normally return an item to like-new condition.

k. <u>Rebuild</u>. Consists of those services/actions necessary for the restoration of unserviceable equipment to a like-new condition in accordance with original manufacturing standards. Rebuild is the highest degree of materiel maintenance applied to Army equipment. The rebuild operation includes the act of returning to zero those age measurements (hours/miles, etc.) considered in classifying Army equipment/components.

B-3. Explanation Of Columns In The MAC, Section II.

a. <u>Column I. Group Number.</u> Column 1 lists functional group code numbers, the purpose of which is to identify maintenance significant components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules with the next higher assembly. End item group number shall be "00."

b. <u>Column 2. Component/Assembly</u>. Column 2 contains the names of components, assemblies, subassemblies, and modules for which maintenance is authorized.

c. <u>Column 3.</u> <u>Maintenance Function</u>. Column 3 lists the functions to be performed on the item listed in column 2. (For a detailed explanation of these functions, see paragraph B–2.)

d. <u>Column 4. Maintenance Category.</u> Column 4 specifies, by the listing of a work time figure in the appropriate subcolumn(s), the category of maintenance authorized to perform the function listed in column 3. This figure represents the active time required to perform that maintenance function at the indicated category of maintenance. If the number or complexity of the tasks within the listed maintenance function vary at different maintenance categories, appropriate work time figures will be shown for each category. The work time figure represents the average time required to restore an item (assembly, subassembly, component, module, end item, or system) to a serviceable condition under typical field operating conditions. This time includes preparation time (including any necessary disassembly/ assembly time), troubleshooting/fault location time, and quality assurance/quality control time in addition to the time required to perform the specific tasks identified for the maintenance functions authorized in the maintenance allocation chart. The symbol designations for the various maintenance categories are as follows:

¹ Services – inspect, test, service, adjust, align, calibrate, and/or replace.

² Fault locate/troubleshoot – the process of investigating and detecting the cause of equipment malfunctioning; the act of isolating a fault within a system or unit under test (UUT).

³ Disassemble/assemble – encompasses the step-by-step taking apart (or breakdown) of a spare/functional group coded item to the level of its least componency identified as maintenance significant (i.e., assigned an SMR code) for the category of maintenance under consideration.

⁴ Actions – welding, grinding, riveting, straightening, facing, remachining, and/or resurfacing.

C	Operator/Crew
Ο	Unit Maintenance
F	Direct Support Maintenance
Н	General Support Maintenance
D	Depot Maintenance

e. <u>Column 5. Tools and Equipment</u>. Column 5 specifies, by code, those common tool sets (not individual tools) and special tools, TMDE, and support equipment required to perform the designated function.

<u>*f. Column 6. Remarks.*</u> This column shall, when applicable, contain a letter code, in alphabetic order, which shall be keyed to the remarks contained in section IV.

B-4. Explanation Of Columns In Tool And Test Equipment Requirements, Section III.

a. <u>Column I. Reference Code.</u> The tool and test equipment reference code correlates with a code used in the MAC, section II, column 5.

b. <u>Column 2. Maintenance Category</u>, The lowest category of maintenance authorized to use the tool or test equipment.

- c. <u>Column 3. Nomenclature.</u> Name or identification of the tool or test equipment.
- d. Column 4. National Stock Number. The National stock number of the tool or test equipment.
- e. <u>Column 5. Tool Number.</u> The manufacturer's part number.
- B-5. Explanation Of Columns In Remarks, Section IV.
 - a. <u>Column 1. Reference Code</u>. The code recorded in column 6, Section II.

b. <u>Column 2.Remarks.</u> This column lists information pertinent to the maintenance function being performed as indicated in the MAC, section II.

(1) GROUP NUMBER	(2) COMPONENT/ ASSEMBLY	(3) MAINTENANCE FUNCTION				ICE L	EVEL DEPOT D	(5) TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT	(6) REMARKS
01	OVEN, GENERAL PURPOSE	INSPECT TEST REPLACE REPAIR	0.1 0.3	0.3	1.0			1 1	

Section II. MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

TM10-6640-13&P SECTION III. TOOL AND TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR

(1) TOOL/TEST	MAINTENANCE ALLC (2)	CATION CHART (3)	(4)	(5)
EQUIP. REF CODE	MAINTENANCE CATEGORY	NOMENCLATURE	NSN	TOOL NUMBER
1	0 , F	TOOL KIT, GENERAL AUTOMOTIVE	5180-00-177-7033	(50980) SC 5180-90- CL-N26

SECTION IV.REMARKS

NOT APPLICABLE

APPENDIX C

COMPONENTS OF END ITEM AND BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LISTS

Section I. INTRODUCTION

C-1. Scope.

This appendix lists components of end item and basic issue items for the General Purpose Oven to help you inventory items required for safe and efficient operation.

C-2. General.

The Components of End Item and Basic Issue Items Lists are divided into the following sections:

a. Section II. Components of End Item. This listing is for informational purposes only, and is not authority to requisition replacements. These items are part of the end item, but are removed and separately packaged for transportation or shipment. As part of the end item, these items must be with the end item whenever it is issued or transferred between property accounts. Illustrations are furnished to assist you in identifying the items.

b. <u>Section III. Basic Issue Items</u>. These are the minimum essential items required to place the General Purpose Oven in operation, to operate it, and to perform emergency repairs. Although shipped separately packaged, BII must be with the shelter during operation and whenever it is transferred between property accounts. The illustrations will assist you with hard-to-identify items. This manual is your authority to request/requisition replacement BII, based on TOE/MTOE authorization of the end item.

C-3. Explanation of Columns.

The following provides an explanation of columns found in the tabular listings:

a. <u>Column (1)-Illustration</u> Number (Illus Number). This column indicates the number of the illustration in which the item is shown.

b. <u>Column (2) - National Stock Number</u>. Indicates the National stock number assigned to the item and will be used for requisitioning purposes.

c. <u>Column (3) - Description</u>. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a minimum description to identify and locate the item. The last line for each item indicates the CAGEC (in parentheses) followed by the part number.

d. <u>Column (4) - Unit of Measure r(U/M).</u> Indicates the measure used in performing the actual operational/maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation (e.g., ea, in, pr).

e. <u>Column (5) – Quantity required (QTY RQR)</u>. Indicates the quantity of the item authorized to be used with/on the equipment.

TM10-6640-218-13&P

(1)	SECTION II. COMPONENTS (2) NATIONAL	OF END ITEM (3) DESCRIPTION	USABLE	(4)	(5)
ILLUS	NUMBER	CAGEC AND PART NUMBER	ON CODE	U/M	QTY.
	6640-00-299-8689	DISH, CULTURE, PETRI: TOP AND BOTTOM COMPLETE: U/W BACTERIAL FILTERING DISK; DISPOSABLE; 100'S; FOR ASTM 2276; MIL-D-36425	PG	1	

SECTION III. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS NOT APPLICABLE

APPENDIX D

ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION LIST

NOT APPLICABLE

APPENDIX E

EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

Section I. INTRODUCTION

E-1. Scope. This listing is for informational purposes only and is not authority to requisition the listed items. These items are authorized to you by CTA 50-970, Expendable/Durable Items (except medical, class V, repair parts, and heraldic items).

E-2. Explanation of Columns.

a. <u>Column (1) - Item Number.</u> This number is assigned to the entry in the listing and is referenced in the narrative instructions to identify the material (e.g., Use cleaning compound, item 5, appendix C).

b. <u>Column (2) - Level.</u> This column identifies the lowest level of maintenance that requires the listed item.

- C Operator/Crew
- O Unit Maintenance
- F Direct Support Maintenance
- H General Support Maintenance

c. <u>Column (3) - National Stock Number</u>. This is the National stock number assigned to the item; use it to request or requisition the item.

d. <u>Column (4) - Description.</u> Indicates the Federal item name, and, if required, a description to identify the item. The last line for each item indicates the Commercial and Government Entity Code (CAGEC) in parentheses followed by the part number.

e. <u>Column (5) - Unit of Measure (U/M).</u> Indicates the measure used in performing the actual maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two-character alphabetical abbreviation (e.g., EA, IN, PR). If the unit of measure differs from the unit of issue, requisition the lowest unit of issue that will satisfy your requirements.

Section II. EXPENDABLE/DURABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

(1) Item Number	(2) Level	(3) National Stock Number	(4) Description	(5) U/M
	С	6640-00-985-2099	DISK, FILTERING, MICROPOROUS: AEROSOL AND HYDROSOL; 25 MM DIA; 100'S; FOR ASTM TEST D-2276 (08071) HAWP-025-00	HD

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

CARL E. VUONO General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official:

THOMAS F. SIKORA

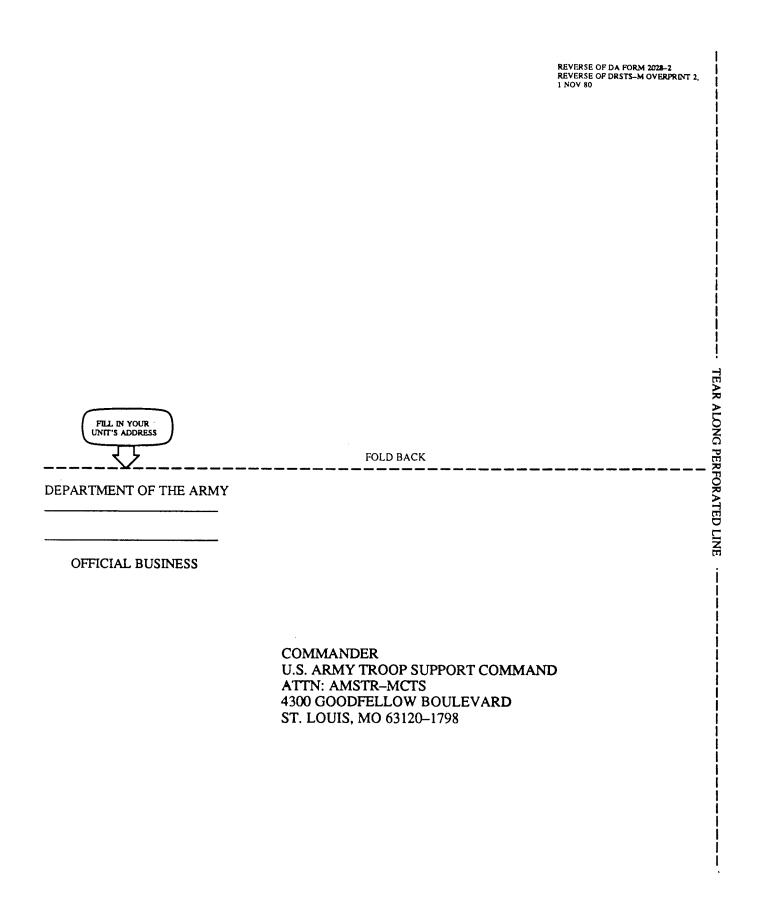
Brigadier General, United States Army The Adjutant General

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To be distributed in accordance with DA Form 12-21 A, Operator, Unit and Direct Support Maintenance requirements for Laboratory, Air Mobile, Aviation Fuel and Laboratory, Petroleum, MTD

* U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1991 554-123/20142

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The Metric System and Equivalents

Linear Measure

- 1 centimeter = 10 millimeters = .39 inch
- 1 decimeter = 10 centimeters = 3.94 inches
- 1 meter = 10 decimeters = 39.37 inches
- 1 dekameter = 10 meters = 32.8 feet
- 1 hectometer = 10 dekameters = 328.08 feet
- 1 kilometer = 10 hectometers = 3,280.8 feet

Weights

- 1 centigram = 10 milligrams = .15 grain 1 decigram = 10 centigrams = 1.54 grains
- l gram = 10 decigram = .035 ounce
- 1 dekagram = 10 grams = .35 ounce
- 1 hectogram = 10 dekagrams = 3.52 ounces
- 1 kilogram = 10 hectograms = 2.2 pounds
- 1 quintal = 100 kilograms = 220.46 pounds
- 1 metric ton = 10 quintals = 1.1 short tons

Liquid Measure

- 1 centiliter = 10 milliters = .34 fl. ounce 1 deciliter = 10 centiliters = 3.38 fl. ounces
- 1 liter = 10 deciliters = 33.81 fl. ounces
- 1 dekaliter = 10 liters = 2.64 gallons

1 hectoliter = 10 dekaliters = 26.42 gallons

1 kiloliter = 10 hectoliters = 264.18 gallons

Square Measure

- 1 sq. centimeter = 100 sq. millimeters = .155 sq. inch
- 1 sq. decimeter = 100 sq. centimeters = 15.5 sq. inches
- 1 sq. meter (centare) = 100 sq. decimeters = 10.76 sq. feet
- 1 sq. dekameter (are) = 100 sq. meters = 1,076.4 sq. feet
- 1 sq. hectometer (hectare) = 100 sq. dekameters = 2.47 acres
- 1 sq. kilometer = 100 sq. hectometers = .386 sq. mile

Cubic Measure

- 1 cu. centimeter = 1000 cu. millimeters = .06 cu. inch 1 cu. decimeter = 1000 cu. centimeters = 61.02 cu. inches
- 1 cu. meter = 1000 cu. decimeters = 35.31 cu. feet

Approximate Conversion Factors

To change	To	Multiply by	To change	То	Multiply by
inches	centimeters	2.540	ounce-inches	newton-meters	.007062
feet	meters	.305	centimeters	inches	.394
yards	meters	.914	meters	feet	3.280
miles	kilometers	1.609	meters	yards	1.094
square inches	square centimeters	6.451	kilometers	miles	.621
square feet	square meters	.093	square centimeters	square inches	.155
square yards	square meters	.836	square meters	square feet	10.764
square miles	square kilometers	2.590	square meters	square yards	1.196
acres	square hectometers	.405	square kilometers	square miles	.386
cubic feet	cubic meters	.028	square hectometers	acres	2.471
cubic yards	cubic meters	.765	cubic meters	cubic feet	35.315
fluid ounces	milliliters	29,57 3	cubic meters	cubic yards	1.308
pints	liters	.473	milliliters	fluid ounces	.034
quarts	liters	.946	liters	pints	2.113
gallons	liters	3.785	liters	quarts	1.057
ounces	grams	28.349	liters	gallons	.264
pounds	kilograms	.454	grams	ounces	.035
short tons	metric tons	.907	kilograms	pounds	2.205
pound-feet	newton-meters	1.356	metric tons	short tons	1.102
pound-inches	newton-meters	.11296			

Temperature (Exact)

°F	Fahrenheit	5/9 (after	Celsius	°C
	temperature	subtracting 32)	temperature	